PASS

The acronym PASS stands for "Prediction of Activity Spectra for Substances". The system is based on concepts that were continuously developed over the past 40 years by Professor V. Poroikov and his team.

PASS uses 2D structural formulae of organic compounds to simultaneously predict many types of biological activities for them. The program can also estimate the influence of single atoms on the overall activity of the molecule. This allows the evaluation of the biological activity profiles for compounds even prior to their chemical synthesis and biological testing.

PharmaExpert

This is an optional extension of the PASS system, allowing for a systematic data mining and biological interpretation of PASS results.

Recent PASS publications

Gaur, A.S. et al. (2018) Molecular property diagnostic suite for diabetes mellitus (MPDS(DM)): An integrated web portal for drug discovery and drug repurposing. J. Biomed. Inform. v.85, p.114-125.

Vil, V.A., et al. (2018) Peroxy steroids derived from plant and fungi and their biological activities. Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol. Jul 10. [Epub ahead of print]

Stasevych, M. et al. (2017) Computer-aided prediction and cytotoxicity evaluation of dithiocarbamates of 9,10-anthracenedione as new anticancer agents. SAR QSAR Environ. Res., v.28, p.355-366.

Dembitsky, V.M. et al. (2017) Pharmacological and Predicted Activities of Natural Azo Compounds. Nat. Prod. Bioprospect. v.7, p.151-169.

More publications can be found on our web page http://genexplain.com/pass/

About geneXplain

GeneXplain's mission is to provide a comprehensive platform for bioinformatic, systems biological and cheminformatic tools. The raison d'être of this platform is to assist translational research in the life sciences, mainly in the context of personalized medicine and pharmacogenomics. We intend to make our expertise available to academic and commercial partners in collaborative research projects.

To achieve this, geneXplain offers:

•The geneXplain platform providing a large number of bioinformatic and systems biological data analysis workflows. Unique is geneXplain's Upstream Analysis for causal interpretation of expression data.

•TRANSFAC[®], the most comprehensive database on eukaryotic transcription regulation. TRANSFAC[®] is now also available under the geneXplain platform, providing the most comprehensive collection of TF DNA-binding profiles.

•TRANSPATH[®], one of the largest pathway/network databases presently available, particularly well suited for geneXplain's proprietary *Upstream Analysis*.

•HumanPSD, a rich information resource connecting pathways with targets, drugs and clinical trials.

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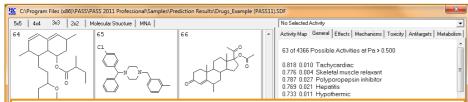
PASS

The tool to link chemical structures with biological activities

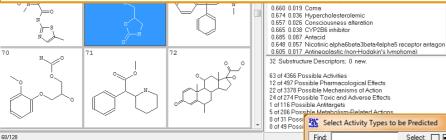


geneXplain





Structure view of compounds from an SD file in PASS. Prediction results are shown on the right.



Creation of a proprietary SAR base

Additionally to the SAR base that comes with PASS, there is the possibility to train a new SAR base on any SD file containing structures of compounds and names of their biological activities.

It is also possible to combine newly created SAR bases with the existing SAR base.

Mathematical algorithm

recommendations

The prediction algorithm is based on Bayesian estimates of probabilities for a compound to belong to the classes of active or inactive compounds, respectively. The mathematical method is described in several publications, one of the most recent:

Filimonov D.A., Poroikov V.V. (2008). Probabilistic approach in activity prediction. Eds. Alexandre Varnek and Alexander Tropsha. Cambridge (UK): RSC Publishing, p.182-216.

The predicted activity spectrum is presented in PASS by the list of activities, with probabilities "to be active" **Pa** and "to be inactive" **Pi** calculated for each activity.

from

(http://www.linkedin.com/company/genexplain/products).

Find: Select: 🔲 🖬 🖬 Sort: IEP as	scending	-		
Predictable Activity Type	Group	Number	IEP, %	-
Hydroxylysine kinase inhibitor	М	9	0.336	
Endothelin A receptor antagonist	м	1715	0.336	
Histone deacetylase 1 inhibitor	м	326	0.338	
Glutamate formimidoyltransferase inhibitor	м	11	0.339	
Melanocortin MC-4 agonist	м	15	0.343	
Hydroxyquinol 1,2-dioxygenase inhibitor	м	9	0.343	
Glucosamine N-acetyltransferase inhibitor	м	6	0.344	
Ret			0.011	

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Activity Selection to adapt the SAR base to the user's needs.

Red: negative impact;

found

on

LinkedIn

Blue, Grey: neutral.

A slide show with screenshots can be found on our homepage (www.genexplain.com), and

can

be

experts

PASS - software to link chemical structures with biological activities

Bio-activities predicted by PASS

The current version, **PASS2017**, predicts 5,050 recommended biological activities with an average prediction accuracy of 96,5%. Additional 2,500 of bio-activities can be added for predictions. Predictable biological activities include:

- over **500** pharmacotherapeutic effects (antihypertensive, hepatoprotective, sedative, etc.);
- more than **4,100 biochemical mechanisms of action** (5-hydroxytryptamine agonist, acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, adenosine uptake inhibitor, etc.);
- over 450 adverse & toxic effects (carcinogenic, hallucinogenic, hepatotoxic, etc.);
- more than 2100 terms for gene expression;

×

250 terms for **drug metabolism** and **transport** (*CYP1A substrate, P-glycoprotein inhibitor, APOA1 expression enhancer, etc.).*

Chemical structure description in PASS

Multilevel Neighborhoods of Atoms (MNA) descriptors are applied to describe the 2D structural formulae of organic compounds. The molecular structure is represented in PASS by the set of unique MNA descriptors of the 1^{st} and 2^{nd} levels, as published in

Filimonov D., Poroikov V., Borodina Yu., Gloriozova T. (1999). Chemical Similarity Assessment through multilevel neighborhoods of atoms: definition and comparison with the other descriptors. J. Chem. Inf. Comput. Sci. **39**: 666-670.

Aggression	T	PA* CA		SUDACE 2011 Destant		es\Prediction Results\Drugs_Example (PASS11	D CDC	×
Keratitis	Т		-			es/Prediction Results/Drugs_example (PASS1)		
Dysphagia	Т	5x5	4x4 3x3 2x2	Molecular Structure	MNA		Fibrinolytic	-
Skin lesion	Т	67	\square	^			Activity Map General Effects Mechanisms Toxicity Antita	rgets Metabolism
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Movement disorder T			N }—s				0.776 0.004 Skeletal muscle relaxant	=
Coronary artery spasm T			N				0.787 0.027 Polyporopepsin inhibitor 0.769 0.021 Hepatitis	
Pruritus T		68					0.733 0.021 Hepatitis 0.733 0.011 Hypothermic	
Allergic reaction	т						0.758 0.036 Acrocylindropepsin inhibitor 0.758 0.036 Chymosin inhibitor	
Include Load Save Ok Cancel							0.758 0.036 Caccharopepsin inhibitor	
							0.776 0.057 Antieczematic 0.715 0.004 Muscle relaxant	
							0.715 0.004 Muscle relaxant 0.731 0.025 5 Hydroxytryptamine release stimulant	
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Green: positive impact:			structure on a specific activity.					

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Substructure Descriptors; 0 new.
63
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Possible Activities
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